

HOSTOMSKA, L.; STEJSKAL, J.

Diabetes insipidus in children. Česk. pediat. 14 no.3:203-212 5 Mar  
59.

1. Katedra fakultní pediatrie fakulty dětského lékařství, vedoucí prof.  
MUDr. J. Houštek, Praha Katedra nemocniční pediatrie fakulty dětského  
lékařství, vedoucí prof., MUDr. J. Svejcar, Praha.  
(DIABETES INSIPIDUS, in inf. & child.  
(Cz))

KUCHEL, O.; PACOVSKY, V.; VITKOVA, E.; STEJSKAL, J.

Significance of minerale-corticoid secretion by the adrenal cortex in diabetes insipidus. Cas. lek. cesk. 98 no.32-33: 1009-; 14 Aug. 59.

1. III. interni klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi a laboratoe pro endokrinologii a metabolismus v Praze, prednosta akademik Josef Charvat. I. detska klinika fakulty detskho lekarstvi v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. J. Svejcar.

(DIABETES INSIPIDUS, urine)

(ALDOSTERONE, urine)

BEDNAR, B.; PECHACEK, E.; BRAUN, A.; JIRASEK, A.; LISKA, K.; PAZDERKA, V.;  
STEJSKAL, J.; STEJSKALOVA, A.; VALACH, V.; VORREITH, M.

Neoplasms of the central nervous system. Acta univ. carol. [Med] 1960:  
1-102 '60.

(CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM neoplasms)

STEJSKAL, J.; KLUSKA, Vl.

Non-specific adenopathy in a respiratory syndrome. Cesk.pediat.  
15 no.8:720-724 Ag '60.

1. Krajska detska nemocnice, isolacni oddeleni, prednosta doc. dr.  
Vl. Kluska.  
(RESPIRATORY SYSTEM dis.)  
(LYMPHADENOTIS in inf. & child)

STEJSKAL, J.

Hemangioma of the epicardium as a cause of cardiac tamponade.  
Sborn. lex. 62 no.1:19-22 Ja '60.

1. I. patologickoanatomicky ustav fakulty vseobecneho lakarstvi  
v Praze, prednosta doc.dr. Blahoslav Bednar. Patologickoanato-  
micke oddeleni Thomayerovy nemocnice v Praze-Krci, prednosta  
primar dr. Rudolf Malek.

(HEMANGIOMA compl.)

(PERICARDIUM neopl.)

(HEART DISEASES etiol.)

STEJSKAL, J.; KANIA, Vl.; KLUSKA, Vl.

Role of glutamic-oxalic transaminase in infectious diseases in childhood. Cesk. pediat. 16 no.5:415-420 My '61.

1. Infekcni oddeleni II detske kliniky v Brne, prednosta doc. MUDr. Vl. Kluska.

(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES in inf & child)  
(TRANSAMINASES metab)

KANIA, V.; STEJSKAL, J.; KLUSKA, V.

Effect of corticosteroids on the level of bilirubin, SGOT and  
glucuronic acid in infectious hepatitis in children. Cesk.  
gastroent. vyz. 15 no.7:508-515 N '61.

1. Infekeni oddeleni KDN, Brno, prednosta doc. MUDr. Vlad. Kluska.  
(HEPATITIS INFECTIOUS ther) (ADRENAL CORTEX HORMONES ther)  
(BILIRUBIN blood) (TRANSAMINASES blood)  
(GLUCURONASES blood)

STEJSKAL, J

SURNAME, Given Name

Country: Czechoslovakia

10

Academic Degrees: [not given]

Affiliation:

Source: Prague, Rozhledy v Tuberkulose a v Nemozech Plicnich, Vol XXI, No 6, July 61,  
pp 473-475.

Data: "Unusual Type of Pulmonary Haemoblastoma."

Authors: LICHTENBERG, J., presumably First Clinic of Surgery, KU [Karlova universita;  
Charles University] (I. chirurgicka klinika, KU), Prague;  
Director: Prof Dr J. PAVROVSKY.

PESEK, M., [presumably] First Clinic of Surgery, KU, Prague.

MARIK, A., [presumably] TB Department FN 1 [not identified] (Tbc oddeleni, FN I),  
Prague; Director: Dr. J. POLANSKY.

STEJSKAL, J., [presumably] First Institute of Pathological Anatomy, KU [Karlova  
universita; Charles University] (I. patologicko-anatomicky ustav, KU),  
Prague; Director: Prof Dr. B. BEDNAR.

STEJSKAL, Jaroslav  
SURNAME, Given Names

(4)

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: MD

Department of Infectious Diseases of the Second Pediatric Clinic  
Affiliation: (Infekcni oddeleni II. detske kliniky), Brno; Director: Docent

V. KLUSKA, MD.

Source: Prague, Prakticky Lekar, Vol 41, No 9, 1961, pp 406-408.

Data: "Glucuronic Acid and Infectious Hepatitis."

Authors: KANIA, Vladimir

STEJSKAL, Jaroslav

KLUSKA, Vladimir

77

STEJSKAL, J. (MD)

(3)

SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: MD

Affiliation: Isolation Department of the Kraj Children Hospital (Izolacni oddeleni Krajske detske nemocnice), Brno; Director: Docent V. KLUSAK, MD.

Source: Prague, Prakticky Lekar, Vol 41, No 13, 1961, pp 581-586.

Data: "Relapsing Respiration Syndrome During Childhood."

Authors: STEJSKAL, J., MD  
KLUSKA, Vl., MD

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BEDNAR, B.; JIRASEK, A.; STEJSKAL, J.; CHYTIL, M.

Secondary uremic oxalosis, Cas. lek. cesk 100 no.23:705-708 9 Je '61.

1. Hlavuv I., patologickoanatomicky ustav, prednosta prof. Dr. Sc.  
MUDr. B. Bednar, II. interni klinika, prednosta prof. Dr. Sc.  
MUDr. F. Herles, fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy university  
v Praze.

(OXALATES) (UREMIA compl)

STEJSKIL, J

三

BEDNAR, B.; BRAUN, A.; DOBIAS, J.; JIRASEK, A.; KALUS, M.; PITHA, J.; STEJSKAL, J.;  
STEJSKALOVA, A.; URBANOVA, D.

"Internal" precancerosis from the point of view of pathology. Rev.  
czech. med. 8 no.3:179-185 '62.

1. The Hlava First Pathological Institute, Medical Faculty, Charles  
University, Prague; Director: Prof. B. Bednar, M.D., D.Sc.  
(NEOPLASMS)

STEJSKAL, J.; KANIA, Vl.

Glutamic oxalacetic transminase and common liver function tests in  
infectious mononucleosis in children. Cesk. pediat. 17 no.5/6:524-  
530 Je '62.

1. Infekcni oddeleni II detske kliniky lekarske fakulty University  
J. Ev. Purkyne v Brne.

(LIVER FUNCTION TESTS in inf & child)  
(TRANSAMINASES metab)  
(INFECTIOUS MONONUCLEOSIS diag)

STEJSKAL, J.; KANIA, Vl.; KLUSKA, Vl.

Relation of SGOT and glucuronic acid in infectious hepatitis in childhood. Cas. Lek. Cesk. 101 no.12:357-360 23 Mr '62.

1. Infekcni oddeleni II detske kliniky lek. fak. university J. Ev. Purkyne, Brno, prednosta doc. MUDr. Vlad. Kluska.

(TRANSAMINASES blood) (GLUCURONATES blood)  
(HEPATITIS INFECTIOUS in inf & child)

STEJSKAL, J.; OSLEJSKOVA, M.; GREGOROVA, I.

Liver disorders in influenza in childhood. Scr. med. fac.  
med. Brunensis 36 no.3:139-145 '63.

1. Infekcni oddeleni Fakultni detske nemocnice v Brne, Cerna  
pole Vedouci doc. MUDr. V. Kluska Biochemicke oddeleni  
Fakultni detske nemocnice v Brne, Cerna pole Vedouci MUDr.

O. Teyschl.

(INFLUENZA) (AMINOTRANSFERASES)  
(ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE)  
(ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE)

STEJSKAL, J.; BOZDECHOVA, N.; OSLEJSKOVA, M.

Presence of atypical lymphocytes in clinically healthy children  
and in some infections during childhood. Cesk. pediat. 19 no.2:  
157-160 F#64.

1. Infektsni oddeleni fakultni detske nemocnice v Brne; vedouci:  
doc.dr. Vl.Kluska.

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA

3)

SPALA, M., JELINEK, J., DOLEZALOVA, H., STEJSKAL, J.,  
PUKORNY, Z; Institute of Pathological Physiology and 1st Path-  
ological and Anatomical Institute Faculty of General Medicine,  
Charles University (Ustav Patologicke Fysiologie a I. Patalog-  
icko-Anatomicky Ustav Fak. Vseob. Lek. KU), Prague.

"Compensation Kidney Hypertrophy of Rats as an Experimental  
Model of Induced Tissue Growth."

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Fysiologie, Vol 15, No 2, Feb 66, pp 108-109

Abstract: 300 adult male rats were subjected to unilateral nephrectomy and the progress of the compensatory hypertrophy of the other kidney was investigated. The weight of the animal decreased after the operation and reached the original value after 16 days. The weight of the remaining right kidney started to increase after 8 days, and after 32 days it was 150% of the original weight. The influence of administration of methyl-testosterone, dimethylandrostanolone and Royal Jelly after the operation was investigated. 1 Figure, 1 Czech reference.  
Submitted at "16 Days of Physiology" at Kosice, 28 Sep 65.

1/1

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA

UDC 616.24-006.6:616.24-003.65

NAVRATIL, Miroslav; STEJSKAL, Josef; FINGERLAND, Antonin; Institute of Work Hygiene and Professional Diseases (Ustav Hyg. Prace a Chor. z Povolani), Prague, Director (Reditel) Prof Dr J. TEISINGER; 1st Pathological and Anatomical Institute, Fac. Gen. Med. Charles Univ. (I. Patologickoanatomicky Ustav Fak. Vseob. Lek. KU), Prague, Head (Prednosta) Prof Dr B. BEDNAR; Pathological and Anatomical Inst. Med. Fac. Charles University (Patologickoanatomicky Ustav Lek. Fak. KU), Hradec Kralove, Head (Prednosta) Prof Dr A. FINGERLAND.

"Occurrence of Lung Cancer in Asbestosis."

Prague, Pracovni Lekarstvi, Vol 18, No 6 - 7; Aug 66, pp 256-260

Abstract [Authors' English summary modified]: In the last 9 years 57 cases of asbestosis were reported in Czechoslovakia. Reports on the state of health of 35 of these were available; of the 35, 9 patients died within the last year, 7 of them of lung cancer. Pleural and peritoneal mesothelioma was not found. The occurrence of lung cancer in asbestosis is very high. Workers who were exposed to asbestos dust should be kept under observation, even after they stopped working in dangerous surroundings and do not suffer from asbestosis. 11 Figures, 3 Tables, 4 Western, 11 Czech references. (Ms. rec. 20 Dec 65 ).

1/1

- 20 -

REKTORIK, Z.;STEJSKAL, J.

Galenic substances in the 8th edition of the Soviet Pharmacopeia. Cesk.  
farm. 1 no. 9:518-528 1952. (CLML 23:4)

STEJSKAL, J.

Chemical Abstracts

Vol. 48 No. 5

Mar. 10, 1954

Pharmaceuticals, Cosmetics, and Perfumes

Solidified oils and the possibility of their use in pharmacy.  
J. Stejskal. Českoslov. farm. 2, 132-6(1953).—Practical  
use inointments and suppositories. D. Hublková

REKTORIK, Z.; STEJSKAL, J.

Galenic preparations in the eighth edition of the Soviet Pharmacopeia.  
Cesk. farm. 2 no. 2:56-60 Feb 1953. (CML 24:4)

REKTORIK, Z.; STEJSKAL, J.

Galenic preparations in the 8th edition of the Soviet Pharmacopeia. III.  
Cesk. farm. 2 no. 3:90-97 Mar 1953. (CLML 24:4)

HEKTORIK, Z.; STEJSKAL, J.

Galenic preparation in the 8th edition of the Soviet Pharmacopeia.  
Cesk. farm. 2 no.5:161-164 May 1953. (CML 25:1)

STEJSKAL, J.; NOVOTNY, J.

Possibilities of effective preservation of certain unguent bases. Cesk.  
farm. 2 no. 5:165-168 May 1953. (CIML 25:1)

STREJSKAL, Joseph

Gels of cellulose derivatives as ointment base. Cesk.farm. 4 no.3:  
152-153 Apr 55.

(GELS,  
cellulose deriv., use for ointment base)  
(CELLULOSE, derivatives,  
gels, use for ointment base)  
(OINTMENTS,  
bases, use of gels of cellulose deriv.)

STEJSKAL, Josef, RNDR, PhMr

Unguentum leniens. Cesk.derm.30 no.4:232-236 Aug. '55.  
(OINTMENTS,  
unguentum leniens)

STEJSKAL, JOSEF

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology, Chemical Products and  
Their Application. Part 3 - Fats and Oils,  
Waxes. Soaps, Detergents, Flotation Agents.

H-24

Abs Jour : Ref. Zhur. Khimiya, No 4, 1958, 12681.

Author : Josef Stejskal, Bohumil Svoboda.

Inst : Not given.

Title : Emulsifiers of Hydrophilic Surface-Acting Substance Group.  
I. Emulsifiers of Ionogeneous Structure.

Orig Pub : Ceskosl. farmac., 1956, 5, No 8, 496 - 503.

Abstract : Review. Sources of raw materials and technology of ma-  
nufacturing some anion and cation active emulsifiers.

Card 1/1

STEJSKAL, JOSEF

H-25

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology, Chemical Products and  
Application, Part 3. - Fats and Oils, Waxes,  
Soaps, Detergents, Flotation Agents.

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 10, 1958, 34055.

Author : Josef Stejskal.

Inst : Not given.

Title : Emulsifiers of Hydrophilic Surface-Active Substance  
Group.

Orig Pub: Českosl. farmac., 1956, 5, No 10, 611-616.

Abstract: A brief description and classification of non-ionic-  
genous surface-active substances are given. The  
spheres of their use and their physiological actions  
are mentioned. See part I in RZhKhim, 1958, 12681.

Card : 1/1

COUNTRY	:	Czechoslovakia	H-17
CATEGORY	:		
ABS. JOUR.	:	REKhim., No. 16 1959, No.	58081
AUTHOR	:	<u>Sedlak, J.</u>	
INST.	:	Not given	
TITLE	:	Hydrophilic Ointments	
ORIG. PUB.	:	Ceskoslov Farmac, 7, No 5, 297-241 (1958)	
ABSTRACT	:	The author describes the preparation of hydrophilic ointment bases and of emulsifying waxes from the condensation products of ethylene oxide with castor oil and with stearic acid. The addition of partial esters of glycerin with higher fatty acids establishes a hydrophilic-lipophilic equilibrium in the emulsions. The composition and methods for the preparation of emulsions of hydrophilic ointment bases are given and possible applications of these bases in dermatology are indicated.	
		From author's summary	
CARD	:	1/1	

STEJSKAL, Josef; VALEX, Albert

Pathology of sublimate poisoning. *Acta Univ. Carol. [med.]*  
(Praha) 9 no.8:643-655 '63

I. I. Patologickoanatomicky ustav fakulty všeobecného lekarství  
University Karlovy v Praze (prednosta: prof. MUDr. B. Bednář,  
DrSc.) a II. interní klinika fakulty všeobecného lekarského Uni-  
versity Karlovy v Praze (prednosta: prof. MUDr. F. Herlach, DrSc.)

BEDNAR, B.; CHYTIL, M.; NOVOTNY, P.; STEJSKAL, J.

Acute enterotoxemic nephrosis. Cas. lek. cesk. 103 no.18:  
486-489 3 My'64

1. Hlavuv I. "patologickoanatomicky ustav fakulty vseobec-  
neho lekarstvi KU [Karlov university] v Praze (prednosta:  
prof. dr. B. Bednar, DrSc.); II. interni klinika fakulty vseobec-  
neho lekarstvi KU [Karlov university] v Praze (prednosta: prof.  
dr. F. Herles, DrSc.) a Mikrobiologicky ustav fakulty vseobecne-  
ho lekarstvi KU [Karlov university] v Praze (prednosta: prof.  
dr. F. Patocka, DrSc.)

STEJSKAL, J.; STREJCEK, J.

Parathyrotoxic crisis. Cas. lek. cesk. 103 no.23:621-626  
5 Je '64

1. Hlavov I. patologickoanatomicky ustav fakulty všeobecného  
lekarského KU [Karlov university] v Praze (prednosta: prof.  
dr. B. Bednář, DrSc) a I. interní klinika fakulty všeobecného  
lekarského KU [Karlov university] v Praze (prednosta: prof.  
dr. V. Hoenig, DrSc.).

KLENER, P.; JANOTA, M.; STEJSKAL, J.

Renal damage in pyrabutol treatment. Cas. lek. cesk. 104 no. 24:  
650-653 18 Je'65.

I. II. 'nterni klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy  
University v Praze (prednosta: prof. dr. F. Herles, DrSc.) a  
I. Patologickoanatomicky ustav fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi  
Karlovy University v Praze (prednosta: prof. dr. B. Bednar,  
DrSc.).

KURAK, Vaclav (AIS, Jiri; STEJNAR, Jiri

Change properties of complex cyanides. Pt.2. Jaderná energie  
10 no.7 1964

1. Institute of Nuclear Research, Rez.

STEJSKAL, L.

Program of the census of agricultural holdings in 1950. **Statist.**  
zpravod. 13 no.2:45-50 15 F '50. (CML 19:2)

STEJSKAL, L.; MARCIK, M.

Traumatic paraplegia due to injury of the thoracic spine. Relation of the dynamics of muscle tone to rehabilitation prognosis. Cesk. neurol. 26 no.2:126-134 Mr '63.

1. Neurologicke oddeleni Statniho ustavu rehabilitaciho v Kladrubech,  
vedouci MUDr. L. Stejskal.

(PARAPLEGIA) (SPINAL INJURIES) (ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY)  
(SPINAL CORD INJURIES) (MUSCLES) (REHABILITATION)

STEJSKAL, Lubomir

~~██████████~~  
New problems in the field of health education in the initial stage  
of automation of our industry. Pracovni lek.12 no.10:541-544 D '60.

1. Vyzkumny ustav bezpecnosti prace ROH v Praze.  
(AUTOMATION)  
(INDUSTRIAL MEDICINE)

POLAND/Optics - Photography

X-13

Abstr Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 5, 1959, No 11997

Author : Stojskal Ladislav

First

Title : Method of Testing Vusort in Color Motion Picture  
Photography

Orig Pub : Technikinemaogr., 1957, No 9, 41-45

Abstract : Description of a sensitometric method of establishing the color in a multiple-emulsion negative-positive process, based on reproducing a gray four-field scale, photographed together with the subject. A measurement of the image of this scale at various stages of the process is carried out with a monochromatic densitometer. Results are expressed in equivalent gray densities. Graphs and tables are given for the connection between the correction light filters as identified by their arbitrary percentages, and the effective

Card : 1/2

STEJSKAL, Lubomir

Industrial hygiene, safety and working conditions in machine factories. Pcdnik organizace 16 no.12:565-568 D '62.

1. Kovotechna, Praha.

STEJSKAL, L.

Some methodical notions about colour form of machines and  
factory halls. Cesk. hyg. 9 no.1:54-57 F'64.

1. Centralni stredisko studia pro strohireske odvetvi,  
Praha.

\*

STEJSKAL, Ibor; ECKSTEINOVA, Hana

Parinaud's syndrome in encephalomyelopathy oculoneuritis. Cesk. neur.  
21 no.6:412-416 Nov 58.

1. Janske lazne, lekarsky reditel MUDr. Fr. Pokorny.

(GUILLAIN-BARRE SYNDROME, compl.

Parinaud's synd. (Cz))

(MUSCLES, OCULOMOTOR, paralysis

Parinaud's synd., with Guillain-Barre synd. (Cz))

STEJSKAL, Lubor

Relation of the cerebral cortex to the vestibular system from the physiological viewpoint. Vestibular analyzer. Cesk. neur. 22:394-400 N '59.

1. Neurologicka klinika, Praha; Statni ustanovitelsky u  
Vlasime.

(CEREBRAL CORTEX physiol.)  
(VESTIBULAR APPARATUS physiol.)

STEJSKAL, Lubor; MARCIK, Miroslav

Rehabilitation prospects of patients after spinal cord injuries.  
Experiences from the rehabilitation center in Kladruby, Cesk. neur.  
24 no.4:251-252 Jl '61.

1. Statni ustanovitelsky ustanovitelsky v Kladruhech, lekarsky reditel MUDr.  
M. Balzar.

(PARAPLEGIA rehabil)

STEJSKAL, Lubor; MARCIK, Miroslav

Post-traumatic quadriplegia (quadraparesis) and injury of the cervical spine. Cesk. neur. 24 no.4:253-260 Jl '61.

1. Statni ustanovitelsky rehabilitacni v Kladnovech, lekarsky reditel MUDr. M. Balzar.

(PARAPLEGIA rehabil) (SPINE wds & inj)

STEJSKAL, L.; MARCIK, M.

Clinical picture of spinal cord lesions due to injuries of the 12th  
thoracic and 1st lumbar vertebrae. Česk. neurol. 25 no.4:266-273  
J1 '62.

1. Statni ustav rehabilitacni v Kladrubech, reditel MUDr. M. Balzar.

(SPINAL CORD dis) (SPINE wds & inj)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

L. STEJSKAL and M. MARCIK, Department of Neurology of the State Rehabilitation Institute (Neurologické oddelení Státního ústavu rehabilitačního), Chief (vedoucí) L. STEJSKAL, MD; Kladuby.

"Traumatic Paraplegia with Injuries of Thoracic Spine. Relationship Between Muscular Tone Dynamics and Rehabilitation Prognosis."

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Neurologie, Vol 26 No 2, 1963; pp 126-134.

Abstract [English summary modified]: Review of 57 cases: 22 flaccid (average lesion level T7.12) and 9 spastic (9.31) paraplegia; 23 spastic (8.55) and 3 flaccid (10.66) paraparesis. Paradoxically, flaccid syndromes following complete cord severance may have a better prognosis and greater possibilities of treatment than spastic partial-severance cases. Five tables, diagram; 9 Czech and 15 Western references.

1/1

STEJSKAL, Mojmír

Development of some woodworking machines. Drevo 17 no.5:148-150  
My '62.

1. Tovarny na obráběcí stroje, n.p., Svitavy.

STEJSKAL, Mojmir

Heavy-duty machines made in series by the National Enterprise  
Tovarny na obrabeci stroje in Svitavy. Drevo 17 no.12:376-377  
D '62.

1. Tovarny na obrabeci stroje, narodni podnik, Svitavy.

STEJSKAL, M.

STEYSKAL, Moymir [Stejskal, Mojmír]; MISHNAYEVSKIY, A. P., inzh.  
[translator]

Modernization of some groups of woodworking machines. Der.  
prom. 12 no.2:31-32 F '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Natsional'noye predpriyatiye TOS [Tovarny na obrabeci  
stroje], g. Svitavy, Chekhoslovatskaya Sotsialisticheskaya  
Respublika.

(Woodworking machinery)

SIMKOVA, Marcela; KUKULA, Frantisek; STEJSKAL, Rudolf

Determining iron in antimony by activation analysis. Jaderna  
energie 9 no. 5:165 My '63.

1. Ustav jaderneho vyzkumu, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Rez  
u Prahy.

STEJSKAL, V.

New products of the Kovofinis National Enterprise. Tech praca  
16 no.9:693-694 S '64

STEJSKAL, V.

Sulfur diffusion treatment of steel and cast machinery parts.

p. 18 (Zeleznici Technika. Vol. 5, no. 1, Jan. 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) IC. Vol. 7, no. 2,  
February 1958

STEJSK/L, V.

Surface hardening of steel parts by flame.

p. 257 (Zeleznici Technika, Vol. 5, no. 10, Oct. 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EIAI) 1C. Vol. 7, no. 2,  
February 1958

STEJSKAL, V.

Importance of correct overlapping in fitting rims on wheels. p. 26.

ZELEZNICKI DOPRAVA A TECHNIKA. (Ministerstvo dopravy) Praha, Czechoslovakia.  
Vol. 7, no. 1, 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 11,  
November 1959.

Uncl.

STEJSKAL, V.

Solid wheels will improve railroad transportation. p. 196.

ZELEZNICNI DOPRAVA A TECHNIKA. (Ministerstvo dopravy)  
Praha, Czechoslovakia  
Vol. 7, no. 7, 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 11.  
Nov. 1959  
Uncl.

Z/040/61/000/004/004/006  
A205/A126

AUTHOR: Stejskal, Vladimír, Engineer

TITLE: Fueling of aircraft

PERIODICAL: Letecký obzor, no. 4, 1961, 115 - 117

TEXT: The author investigates the possibilities for increasing the refueling rate of aircraft. The economy of large-capacity aircraft requires acceleration of all ground services, especially of refueling which, in no case, should take more than 20 min. Basically, there are two methods to refuel an aircraft: (a) from tank trucks, (b) from a stationary fuel-dispensing system. Tank trucks have the advantage, that they can be driven to any arbitrary runway or apron; however, their capacity is limited, and it is obvious that they will be replaced by large-volume stationary fuel-dispensing systems which also allow higher rates of fuel delivery. These stationary fuel-dispensing systems can be divided into surface pump stations, underground tanks and simple "hydrants". The pump stands, resembling the stands used for gravity-filling of tank trucks, have the advantage of simple service and that all auxiliary equipment is concentrated in one place, but they reduce the loading-apron utilization and are therefore

Card 1/2

Z/040/61/000/004/004/006

A205/A126

Fueling of aircraft

seldom used. Underground tanks are especially advantageous for pressurized fuel-dispensing. However, tank pits must be rather large, since they contain all auxiliary equipment, hoses and tools, and must be covered by heavy covers, capable to withstand the load of a 45-ton single wheel. In addition, a multitude of such pits is required at various points of the aprons, and the necessary underground piping is rather extensive. The "hydrant" of an underground storage tank is reduced to the minimum size and contains only the fittings for hose connection and the cut-off valve. All other auxiliary equipment (hoses, control, valve, strainers, meters, fire-extinguishers, etc.) are carried by a special dispenser truck which provides for the connection between the "hydrant" and the aircraft tank. This method combines the advantages of the multiple fueling-pit arrangement and the flexibility of the tank truck and is therefore considered the most advantageous fueling system for aircraft. There are one table and 4 references: 3 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: Apron requirements for Turbine-powered aircraft (IATA).

Card 2/2

CH

**Pyrazole series.** A. Vystřil and Z. Stejskal, *Časopis Českého Litterárního* 63, 75-80 (1950); cf. following abstr.—In the condensation of PhNHNH<sub>2</sub> (I) and CH<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me (II) a no. of acidic and alk. catalysts were used at several ranges of temp. Freshly distd. I (5.4 g.), 5 g. II, and 0.05 g. hydroquinone (III) were stored in sealed tubes in const. temp. baths of the desired temp. for 12 hrs. with the following product yields (%): 135-40%, 1-phenyl-4-methyl-3-pyrazolone (IV), 11-25%; 100-5°, IV 32.41, 1-phenyl-3-methyl-3-pyrazolone (V) 2.7; 100-2°, IV 72.6, V 4.00, 1-phenyl-4-methyl-5-pyrazolone (VI) 0, 1-phenyl-4-methyl-3-pyrazolone (VII) 1.73; 100-3°, IV 74.9, V 4.57, VII 3.79; and 200-10°, IV 70.02, V 4.78, VI 4.78, and VII 10.23. When 5.4 g. I and 7.6 g. II were heated 12 hrs. in the presence of 0.1 g. of III, the yields (%) were: 135-40%, IV 9.54; 100-6°, IV 31.3, V 1.25; 100-2°, IV 71.3, V 4.55; 100-4°, IV 77.3, V 5.08; VII 1.13; and 210-15°, IV 73.8, V 5.46, and VII 1.73. For 0.1 g. I, 5 g. II, and 0.05 g. III the yields were: 135-40%, IV 6.37; 100-5°, IV 21.82; 100-0°, IV 60.3, V 5.92, VII 3.50; 100-4°, IV 60.3, V 5, VI 4.94, VII 5.51; and 230-6°, IV 20.7, V 12, VI 82.8, and VII 7.92. In the presence of 10 cc. 70% AcOH and 0.05 g. III, condensation of 5.4 g. I with 5 g. II for 12 hrs. at various temps. yielded V in the following quantities (%): 130-2° 41.00, 140-3° 60.00, 150-2° 77.20, 165-70° 76.00, 185-90° 60.50. I (5.4 g.) and 7.6 g. II heated 12 hrs. in the presence of 0.05 g. III and 10 cc. 70% AcOH gave the following yields of V: 100-3° 70.02, 100-2° 76.60, 105-75° 78.35, and 185 100° 72.70. The effect of time on yield of V is shown by the following series in the interaction of 5.4 g. I and 5.5 g. II in the presence of 0.05 g. III and 10 cc. of 70% AcOH: 2

hrs. 32.15, 3 hrs. 47.00, 4 hrs. 70.20, 5 hrs. 70.90, 6 hrs. 77.30, and 10 hrs. 73.10%. I and II were condensed in the presence of MeONa in a flask by dissolving 5 g. Na in 25 cc. of MeOH, adding 1 g. III in 5 cc. MeOH, and then quickly introducing a mixt. of 10.8 g. I and 10 g. II; after the exothermic reaction subsided the mixt. was refluxed 3 hrs. on a H<sub>2</sub>O bath, the MeOH distilled off on a H<sub>2</sub>O bath, 200 g. warm H<sub>2</sub>O added, the red soln. decolorized with 5 g. C, filtered, the filtrate exactly neutralized with dil. AcOH, heated to boiling, 2 g. NaHSO<sub>3</sub> and 5 g. Carbaphia were added, and the mixt. was rapidly filtered; upon cooling 76.8% V, m. 129-130° (m. ps. unrec.). Rtn. of the C with KOH yielded 12.09% VIII, m. 200-8.5°. Heating 1 hr. instead of 3 hrs. yielded 72.7% V and 4.71% VII; 8 hrs. heating gave 67.8% V and 20.1% VII. Condensation in the presence of NaNH<sub>2</sub> resulted in low yields of these derivs. Condensation of 2.00 g. of the betaine, Me-BNCHMeCO<sub>2</sub>H (VIII), and 2.16 g. I in the presence of 30 cc. 0.5 N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at 140-80° for 0.5 hr., followed by 20 cc. more of 0.5 N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and heating for an addnl. 0.5 hr., then 10 cc. more of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and another 0.5 hr. of heating, resulted in 93.2% decompn. of VIII and 61% yield of IV. Condensation of 3.70 g. of the betaine, Me- $\alpha$ -methyl-1-piperidinopropionate (IX), and 2.16 g. I at 170-80° for 3 hrs. yielded 60.2% IV. Condensation of 10.8 g. I with 10 g. MeCH<sub>2</sub>CHCO<sub>2</sub>Me (X) in the presence of 0.5 g. III for 12 hrs. at 100-8° yielded 68.2% 1-phenyl-3-methyl-3-pyrazolone (IV), m. 81-8.5°, 4.42% 1-phenyl-5-methyl-3-pyrazolone (III).

(XII), m. 125-6°, and 18.85% 1-phenyl-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone (XIII), m. 124.5-5°. In the presence of 10 cc. 60% AcOH and 0.5 g. III, 3.4 g. I and 5 g. X heated 5 hrs. at 150-5° gave 66.64% XII. In the presence of NaOMe (5 g. Na), 10.8 g. I and 10 g. of X gave 4.73% 1-phenyl-5-methyl-3-pyrazolone (XIV), m. 163-6°, and 47.7% XIII. Condensation of Me cinnamate with I gave no pyranolidine derivs., only PhCH<sub>2</sub>CHCONHNH<sub>2</sub>Ph being produced. The properties of the new compds. were: IV, m. 100.5-10°, insol. in alkalies, sol. in dil. acid; IV with Ac<sub>2</sub>O yielded the 2-Ac deriv., b.p. 151-8°, m. 61-2° (from CCl<sub>4</sub>); dehydrogenation with Br and with Cu(CIO)<sub>4</sub> yielded VI, m. 142.5-3°. V, m. 129.5-30°, sol. in alk. and acid solns., gave VII, m. 207.6°, with HgO or FeCl<sub>3</sub>, 1-(bromophenyl)-4-methyl-3-pyrazolone (XV), m. 233-4°, with Br in AcOH. XV with 2 N NaOH yielded the Na salt, C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ONaBrNa<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O, which with CuSO<sub>4</sub> yielded (C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ONaBr)<sub>2</sub>Cu.H<sub>2</sub>O. James L. Seal

STEJSKAL, Z

Certain aspects of salipyrin, Cas. cesk. lek. 63 no.21:277  
15 Nov 50. (CIML 20:4)

STEJSKAL, Z.

Lecithins. Cas.cesk.lek. 63 no.23:359 15 Dec 50. (CML 20:5)

STEJSKAL, Z.

✓ 530. **Gravimetric determination of chlorpromazine.**  
J. Blažek and Z. Stejskal (State Inst. for the  
Control of Med. Prague, Czechoslovakia) (*Ceskosl. Hl.*  
*farmac.*, 1955, 4 [5], 246-247).—The solution con-  
taining  $\approx$  20 mg of chlorpromazine is diluted to  
20 ml with water and heated to 70° C. One ml  
of 35 per cent. HCl soln. is added, and 8 ml of 10  
per cent. tungstosilicic acid are added, dropwise,  
while the soln. is stirred. The ppt. is dried at 110° C.  
The percentage of chlorpromazine is given by the  
expression  $\frac{30.65x}{y}$ , where  $x$  = wt. (g) of dried ppt.  
and  $y$  = volume (ml) of the medicinal soln. used.  
A. O. JAKUBOVIC

(1)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653110019-4

STEJSKAL-2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653110019-4"

*Stejskal, L.*

✓ Gravimetric determination of chlorpromazine. J. Blažek  
and Z. Stejskal (State Inst. Med. Control, Prague).  
Ceská L. Farm. No. 5, 1955; *Pharmacie* 11, 27-8 (1958).  
Silicotungstic acid in acid medium is used as the precipitant.  
C. M. Hocking

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Analytical Chemistry. Analysis of  
Organic Substances.

E-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, 1958, No 17, 57253.

Author : Blazek J., Kracmar J., Stejskal Z.

Inst : Not given.

Title : Determination of 1-Methyl-2-Mercaptoimidazole.

Orig Pub: Ceskosl. farmac., 1957, 6, No 8, 441-442.

Abstract: Iodometric determination of 1-methyl-2-mercaptopimidazole (I)  $\text{CH}_3\text{N} - \text{CH} = \text{CH} - \text{N} = \text{C} - \text{SH}$ , used as an antithyroidic remedy, is described. When it is titrated in the presence of  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  (II), 4 gr equivalent of I is being used up with the formation of  $\text{CH}_3\text{N} - \text{CH} = \text{CH} - \text{N} = \text{C} - \text{OH}$ . Approximately 10 mg

Card 1/2

- CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Analytical Chemistry. Analysis of  
Organic Substances. E-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, 1958, No 17, 57253.

Abstract: of a sample is dissolved in 20cc of water followed by the addition of 1gr of II and by the titration with 0.1 n I in the presence of starch. When potentiometrical indication is employed, a 10 mg sample is dissolved in 15cc of water and this solution is titrated in the presence of 1 gr of II or, still better, 10cc of 5 n NaOH. In the latter case the analysis error comprises approx. 0.5% I. The proposed method may be employed for the determination of I in dry tablets and pills.

Card 2/2

30

372 K 51, L

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology, Chemical Products and Their Application. Pharmaceuticals. Vitamins. Antibiotics. H-17

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 5, 1959, No. 16529

Author : Blazek, J.; Stejskal, Z.

Inst : Not given

Title : Potentiometric Titration of Medicinal Preparations Containing Blocked Aromatic Amino-Groups. Part 2. Determination of Certain Pharmaceutically Valuable Sulfones

Orig Pub : Ceskosl. farmac., 1958, 7, No 1, 23-25

Abstract : A quantitative method has been developed for the determination of diphenylsulfone derivatives (I): diamino I (II), 4-carboxymethylamino-4-amino-1 (III), and diacetylamino-4,4'-1 (IV). The method is based on the acidic hydrolysis followed by the diazotization with

Card 1/3

H-61

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology, Chemical Products and Their Application. Pharmaceuticals. Vitamins. Antibiotics. H-17

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 5, 1959, No. 16529

potentiometric control. The system employs the use of two electrodes (platinum and graphite), which are directly connected to a galvanometer. Approximately 500 mg of a substance is boiled in 100 ml of 12.5% HCl (acid) for 30 minutes. After cooling, the contents are transferred (quantitatively) into a 250 ml graduate followed by the addition of concentrated HCl to a volume of 250 ml. The separated layer is then removed with a pipette, fuming HCl (acid) is added and the mixture is subjected to the potentiometric titration with 0.1 M solution of  $\text{NaNO}_2$ . The end point is determined by means of measuring the time of declination of the galvanometer needle. 1 ml of 0.1 M  $\text{NaNO}_2$  solution corresponds to 12.41 mg of II, 16.62 mg of IV, 16.408 mg of Na-salt of III, and 15.31 mg of III.

Card 2/3

5/23/1987

GDR / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their H  
Application. Synthetic and Natural Medicinal Sub-  
stances. Galenical Preparations and Medicinal  
Forms.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 9, 1959, 32467.

Author : Blazek, J., Stejskal, Zd.

Inst : Not given.

Title : A Polarimetric Determination of Dimethylamino-  
acetylphenothiazine.

Orig Pub: Pharmaz. Zentralhalle, 1958, 97, No 6, 255-257.

Abstract: The method is based on the ability of N-dimethyl-  
aminoacetylphenothiazine to form an insoluble  
precipitate of  $\text{SiO}_2 \cdot 12\text{WO}_3 \cdot 4(\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{ON}_2\text{S})$  with  
silicotungstic acid in a hydrochloric acid medium.  
-- Ya. Kantor.

Card 1/1

228

MARES, V.; STEJSKAL, Z.

Gravimetric and polarometric determination of methylene blue and  
brilliant green. Cesk. farm. 11 no.7:354-357 S '62.

1. Statni ustav pro kontrolu leciv, Praha.  
(METHYLENE BLUE) (CHEMISTRY, PHARMACEUTICAL) (DYES)

STEJSKALOVA, A.

*Lactobacillary gastritis. Sborn. lek. 61 no.5:150-152 May 59.*

1. Hlavuv I. patologickoanatomicky ustanov fakulty všeobecného lekař.  
Karlovy univerzity v Praze, zast. prednosti doc. dr. Blahoslav Bednář.  
A.S., I. patologickoanatomicky ustanov, Studnickova 2, Praha 2.

(GASTRITIS, case reports

lactobacillary gastritis (Cs))

(LACTOBACILLUS

lactobacillary gastritis, case report (Cs))

BEDNAR, B.; PECHACEK, E.; BRAUN, A.; JIRASEK, A.; LISKA, K.; PAZDERKA, V.;  
STEJSKAL, J.; STEJSKALOVA, A.; VALACH, V.; VORREITH, M.

Neoplasms of the central nervous system. Acta univ. carol. [Mod] 1960:  
1-102 '60.

(CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM neoplasms)

STEJSKALOVÁ, A

542

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36

BEDNAR, B.; BRAUN, A.; DOBIAS, J.; JIRASEK, A.; KALUS, M.; PITHA, J.; STEJSKAL, J.;  
STEJSKALOVA, A.; URBANOVA, D.

"Internal" precancerosis from the point of view of pathology. Rev.  
czech. med. 8 no.3:179-185 '62.

1. The Hlava First Pathological Institute, Medical Faculty, Charles  
University, Prague; Director: Prof. B. Bednar, M.D., D.Sc.  
(NEOPLASMS)

STEJSKALOVA, Alena

Measurement of the lumen of the peripheral vessels. Acta Univ.  
Carol. [med.] (Praha) 9. no.7:611-617 '63

1. I. Patologickoanatomicky ustav fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi  
University Karlovy v Praze; prednosta: prof. MUDr. B. Bednar,  
DrSc.

STEJSKALOVA, Eva; BURGER, M.

Transport of acetylated sugars into *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*  
RXIII cells. *Folia microbiol. (Praha)* 9 no.2:50-54 Mr'64

1. Department of Technical Microbiology, Institute of Micro-  
biology, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague.

\*

STEJSKALOVA, Eva; PECENY, J.; BURGER, M.

Transport of glucose into *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* RVII.  
Folia microbiol. (Praha) 9 no.2:55-57 Mr'64

1. Department of Technical Microbiology, Institute of Microbiology, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague.

\*

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

STLZ CIALOVA, J; BNOCHAL, J.

1. Hygienic and Epidemiological Station NV (Hygienicka a epidemiologicka stanice NV), Prague; 2. Research Institute of Health Organization (Vyskuany ustav organizace zdravotnictvi), Prague

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Hygiena, No 6, 1964, p 357-366

"The Method of Bringing About Sterilization in Health Establishments."

KRUTA, V.; STEJSKALOVA, J.

Specific and thermal factors during contractile changes and in optimal frequency of myocardial sinus rhythm. Cesk. fysiol. 8 no.3:215-216 Apr 59.

1. Fysiologicky ustav lekarske fakulty Brno Predneseno na III. fysiologickych dnech v Brne dne 13. 1. 1959.

(HEART, physiol.  
sinus rhythm, eff. of temperature (Cz))  
(TEMPERATURE, eff.  
on sinus rhythm (Cz))

BRAVENY, P.; KRADA, V.; STEJSKALOVA, J.

Pessimism of contractility of the mammalian cardiac auricle. *Cesk. fysiol.* 9 no.1:3-4 Ja 60.

1. *Fysiologicky ustav lek. fak. MU, Brno.*  
(*HEART physiol.*)

KRYL, R., Dr.; STEJSKALOVA, M., Dr.; KOUTOVA, J.

Bacteriological examination for Hemophilus pertussis and para-pertussis in children treated at Lazne Kynzvart. Cesk. pediat. 11 no. 9:684-687 Sept 56.

1. Klinika infekcnich nemoci v Praze na Bulovce Mikrobiologicke oddeleni HES UNV Praha.

(WHOOPING COUGH, bacteriol.

presence of Hemophilus pertussis & parapertussis in convalescence (Cz))

(CONVALESCENCE, in various dis.

whooping cough, presence of Hemophilus pertussis and parapertussis (Cz))

VYSOKA, B., Dr.; PITNEROVA, V., Dr.; STEJSKALOVA, M., Dr.

Considerations on epidemiology of parapertussis. Cesk. epidem. mikrob. imun. 6 no.4:255-265 July 57.

1. Lekarska fakulta hygienicka, katedra epidemiologie, Praha-Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie, Praha-Hygienicko-epidemiologicka stanice UNV, mikrobiologicke oddeleni, Praha- UEM, Praha.

(WHOOPING COUGH,  
parapertussis, epidemiol. (Cz))

STEJSKALOVA, M.

Problem of *Salmonella* infections in Prague. Cesk. epidem. mikrob. imun.  
6 no.6:413-417 Nov 57.

1. HES-UHV Praha- reditel V. Krasna.  
(*SAIMONELLA* INFECTIONS, epidemiology,  
in Czech. (Cz))

STEJSKALOVÁ, MARIE

1. Related to the responsibility of the government for the obligations  
under the Treaty. This is a matter of international law and is not a question  
for domestic law.

2. Non-Reciprocity of the law of comity requires a reciprocal arrangement in  
order to justify the reciprocity of the rights and obligations of the two countries.  
The United States is not obligated to respect the laws of any country that  
does not respect the laws of the United States.

3. Military intervention in time of war is not allowed under international law.  
Military intervention is not allowed under international law unless the United  
States receives an invitation from the country that is at war with the United  
States or receives an order from the United Nations Security Council.

4. Population explosion is dangerous to the survival of the planet.  
Population explosion is dangerous to the survival of the planet. Population  
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STEJSKALOVÁ, M.  
2

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

MARTINU, K., MD; VYBORNA, M., MD; STEJSKALOVÁ, M., MD.

1. Hygienic-epidemiological Station NV-UNZ (Hygienicko-epidemiologicka stanice NV-UNZ), Prague; 2. Thomayer Hospital (Thomayerova nemocnice), Prague-Krc (for all)

Prague, Prakticky lekar, No 6, 1963, pp 214-216

"Some Questions on Epidemiological Diphtheria."

POTUZNIK, V.; STEJSKALOVA, M.; SUCHANEK, M.; DUBEN, J.; TARABCAK, M.

Current status, problems and perspectives of microbiology in  
regional and district hygiene and epidemiology stations. Cesk.  
epidem. 12 no.4:193-198 Jl '63.

1. KHES v Ceskych Budejovicich, HES-NV v Praze, KHES v Ostrave,  
CHES v Havlickove Brode a KHES v Kosicich.  
(MICROBIOLOGY) (IMMUNOLOGY) (SEROLOGY)  
(VIROLOGY)

STEJSKALOVA, M.; BROUKAL, J.

Method of sterilization in health institutions. Analysis of the quality of used sterilized material. Cesk. hyg. 9 no.6:357-366 Jl '64.

1. Hygienicka a epidemiologicka stanice NV [Narodniho vyboru], Praha a Vyzkumny ustav organizace zdravotnictvi, Praha.

BURIAN, V.; VYSOKA-BURIANOVA, B.; SRUTOVA, L.; STEJSKALOVA, M.; MIKULECKY, J.;  
KRIKAVA, K., KOSTAL, J.

Cultivation of *B. pertussis* and *B. parapertussis* using a new  
method of preservation of material. Česk. epidem. 13 no. 1:  
52-57 Ja'64.

1. Ustav ser a ockovacich latek, Praha; Ustav epidemiologie  
a mikrobiologie, Praha; KHEs KNV Stredoceskeho kraje, Praha;  
HES NV hl. mesta, Praha; OUNZ Litomysl; OHES Prahovimov;  
OHES Hradec Kralove.

\*

STEJSKALOVA, Marie

New technical standards for machine-made shoes. Kozarstvi 14  
no.11:342 N '64.

STEJSPAL, J.

Journal of the Iron and Steel Inst.,  
June 1954  
Properties and Tests

3  
①  
Temperature Control by Means of a Photoelectric Controller  
to Work on Basis of Optical Temperature Measurement. [Slovensko].  
(Hunyadi László, 1954, 1, (1), 175-178). [in English]. A photoelectric temperature controller for use in creep testing is  
described.—F. F.

STERPAL, J.

Improved Work in Foundries as a Result of Temperature Measurements with an Immersion Pyrometer. J. Steigral (Slezské Rudné Město, 1952, 2, (6), 170-173). [In Czech.] An immersion pyrometer of recent Czechoslovak construction is described and compared with a similar instrument of British manufacture.—P. Y.

STEK, T.

Sudetic pearls.

p. 251 (Wierarchy) Vol. 25, 1956, Krakow, Poland

SO: MONTHLY INDEX OF EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS (EEAI) LC, VOL. 7, NO. 1, JAN. 1958

STAKA, J. (Praha 2, U nemocnice 2.)

Merycism & rumination. Cesk. gastroenter. 11 no.5:340-344 5 Sept 57.

1. II. interni klinika Korlovy university v Praze -- gastroenterologicka  
skupina doc. Dr Z. Maratky a III. interni klinika v Praze.  
(GASTROINTESTINAL DISEASES  
merycism (Cz))

STEKACHEV, V.

Before compiling the 1959 financial plan, Fin, SSSR 19 no. 7:47-50  
J1 '58. (MIRA 11:8)

1. Nachal'nik finansovogo otdela Vinnitskogo sovnarkhoza.  
(Vinnitsa Economic Region--Finance)

STEKACHOV, V.

Incorrect formulation of the question. Fin. SSSR 19 no.9:42  
S '58. (MIRA 11:10)

1. Nachal'nik finansovogo otdela Vinnitskogo sovnarkhosa.  
(Finance)

STEKACHEV, V.

Ways to increase profitability. Fin. SSSR 21 no.8:59-61 Ag '60.  
(MIRA 13:8)

1. Machal'nik finansovogo otdela Vinnitskogo sovnarkhoza.  
(Vinnitsa Economic Region--Finance)

STEKHANOV, A. I.

USSR/Physics  
Spectroscopy  
Crystale - Structure

Jul/Aug 47

"Born's Theory and the Dispersion Spectrum of Alkaline Halloid Crystals," E. F. Gross,  
A. I. Stekhanov, 3 pp

"Iz Ak Nauk, Ser Fiz" Vol XI, No 4, p. 364-6

The simple structure of alkaline haloids facilitates the theoretical calculation of the spectrum of elastic fluctuation. The authors used KCl, KBr, and rock salt in their experiments, to try to explain the presence of a complex background in Raman's spectrum of the second order. Comments by several scientists of FIAN. Submitted at Phys and Tech Inst, Acad Sci USSR.

PA 28T90

STEKHANO V, A.I.

GROSS, Ye.F.; STEKHANOV, A.I.

Temperature dependence of the scattering spectra of the second order in  
crystals. Zhur.eksp.i teor.fiz. 17 no.10:947-948 '47. (MLRA 6:7)

1. Leningradskiy fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut Akademii Nauk SSSR.  
(Spectrum analysis) (Crystallography)

Stekhanov, A. I.

Gross, E. F. and Stekhanov, A. I.  
(Acad. Sci. USSR, Leningrad)

Nature 160, 568-9, (1947)

Temperature variation of the second-order Raman spectrum of crystals.

CA: 42-1820/d

Stephanov, A. I.

Gross, E. F., Pavinskiv, P. P. and Stephanov, A. I.  
Izvest. Akad. Nauk SSSR, Phys. Ser. 12, 711-23 (1948)  
Temperature dependence of Raman spectra in crystals.

CA: 44-4333/g